

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2023 2023 2022			STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the financial year ended 31 December 2023 2023 2022		
Balances with banks	346 953 436	420 327 036	Interest income	21 271 510	12 210 862
Loans and advances to non-bank customers	236 206 690	261 423 542	Less : Interest expense	(3 534 022)	(887 557)
Due from related parties	20 815 181	20 800 485	Net interest income	17 737 488	11 323 305
•			Net interest income	17 /37 488	11 323 305
Refundable deposits Other assets	1 095 894	917 759	Net fee and commission income	44 500 554	E0 400 0E4
Other assets  Derivative financial instruments	2 373 308	1 643 774		66 530 771	58 132 254
	58 606 835	55 743 957	Other gains/(losses)	3 197 314	(692 180)
Debt securities	121 651 422	299 364 469	Other income	267 751	680 846
Property, plant and equipment	16 334 407	9 686 938	Non-interest income	69 995 836	58 120 920
Total assets	804 037 173	1 069 907 960			
			Income before operating expenses	87 733 324	69 444 225
LIABILITIES			Less: Employee compensation	(52 196 929)	(47 501 134)
Deposits of non-bank customers	308 280 838	752 727 014	Other operating expenses	(30 040 781)	(17 349 450)
Due to related parties	306 425 055	139 383 421	Total operating expenses	(82 237 710)	(64 850 584)
Current income tax liabilities	1 316 000	1 250 458			
Derivative financial instruments	59 840 769	61 094 172	Credit impairment recovery/(charge)	13 153	(4 841)
Other liabilities	33 592 678	25 153 668			
Deferred income tax liabilities	167 300	397 500	Profit before income tax	5 508 767	4 588 800
Total liabilities	709 622 640	980 006 233			
<del>-</del>			Income tax expense	(995 961)	(1 499 065)
NET ASSETS	94 414 533	89 901 727			
<del>-</del>			Profit after income tax	4 512 806	3 089 735
EQUITY					
Share capital	85 000 000	85 000 000	Total comprehensive income	4 512 806	3 089 735
Retained earnings	9 414 533	4 901 727			
Total equity	94 414 533	89 901 727			
Capital Adequacy Ratios					
	The capital adequacy ratios for Bank Pictet & CIE (Asia) Ltd are as follows:				

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF BANK PICTET & CIE (ASIA) LTD

Common Equity Tier 1 Capital

Tier 1 Capital

Total Capital

Risk-weighted assets

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Directors

# Our opinion

Francois Alain Pictet

Tee Fong Seng

Hans Ludwig Isler

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Bank Pictet & Cie (Asia) Ltd ("the Company") are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 ("the Act") and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs") so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023 and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date

Karen Denise Loon

Chou Hsien-Wen

# What we have audited

- The financial statements of the Company comprise:
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2023; • the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023:
- · the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

## Other Information

nsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Statement and the MAS 608 - Supplementary Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

29.16

29.18

SGD million

140.90

140 90

140.98

483.15

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- · Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- · Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- · Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a
- · Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore, 27 March 2024